SAFETY DATA SHEET

17-270-61

Section 1. Identification

trial Fast Dry Zone Marking Paint
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pplicable.
l.
nce or mixture and uses advised against
nbia Paint & Coatings Iand, OH 44115
566-2917
677-8673
566-2902
424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	

Signal word

: Danger

Section 2. Hazards identification

Section 2. Hazard	
Hazard statements	 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do
	not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Toluene	25.04	108-88-3
Acetone	6.28	67-64-1
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	0.16	14808-60-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	eary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/e	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
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Section 4. First aid measures

	reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate me	<u>dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary</u>
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Toluene	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 300 ppm AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Acetone	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name			Exposure limits				
Toluene		CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 188 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2015). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.					
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		CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). Absorbed through skin.
		TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 188 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Appropriate engineering controls	other engineering controls to keep worke recommended or statutory limits. The er	process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or exposure to airborne contaminants below an ngineering controls also need to keep gas, ower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirements of env	ss equipment should be checked to ensure vironmental protection legislation. In some ering modifications to the process equipment acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	<u>res</u>	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavatory and Appropriate techniques should be used to	o remove potentially contaminated clothing. ing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
Eye/face protection	gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the	ved standard should be used when a risk o avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, e following protection should be worn, unless e of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	worn at all times when handling chemical necessary. Considering the parameters during use that the gloves are still retaining noted that the time to breakthrough for an	omplying with an approved standard should be I products if a risk assessment indicates this i specified by the glove manufacturer, check ng their protective properties. It should be ny glove material may be different for differen tures, consisting of several substances, the ccurately estimated.
Body protection	performed and the risks involved and sho handling this product. When there is a ris	sk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- st protection from static discharges, clothing
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional s based on the task being performed and t specialist before handling this product.	skin protection measures should be selected he risks involved and should be approved by
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for ex appropriate standard or certification. Res respiratory protection program to ensure aspects of use.	

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Not available.
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	55°C (131°F)
Flash point	1	Closed cup: -17°C (1.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	1	5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Lower: 1% Upper: 12.8%
Vapor pressure	:	3.2 kPa (23.998 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Vapor density	:	2 [Air = 1]
Relative density	1	1.38
Solubility	1	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): <0.205 cm²/s (<20.5 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm²/s (<20.5 cSt)
Molecular weight	:	Not applicable.
Aerosol product		
Heat of combustion	:	10.71 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
Acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250 microliters	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts per million	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Toluene Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	-	3 1	- Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Toluene Acetone		Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Specific target organ tox	<u>icity (repeated exposure)</u>			
Name		Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Toluene Acetone Crystalline Silica, respirab	le powder	Category 2 Category 2 Category 1	Not determined Not determined Inhalation	Not determined Not determined Not determined
Aspiration hazard				
Name			Result	
Toluene			ASPIRATION HAZARD	- Category 1
nhalation Skin contact Ingestion <u>Symptoms related to the p</u> Eye contact	 Can cause central nervou dizziness. May cause res Causes skin irritation. Can cause central nervou enters airways. bhysical, chemical and toxical Adverse symptoms may in pain or irritation 	piratory irritation. s system (CNS) de ological characte	epression. May be fatal	
Inhalation	 watering redness Adverse symptoms may in respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight 	nclude the following	g:	
Skin contact	 increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Adverse symptoms may in irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations 	nclude the following	g:	

Ina	est	ion
	000	

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
ffects
: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates	
Route	ATE value
Oral	2540 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Toluene	Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Acetone	Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6900 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days

Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Toluene	-	-	Readily
Acetone	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Toluene	-	90	low

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact
	with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	11	11	11	11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional		Product classified			Emorgonov
information	-	as per the	-		Emergency schedules (EmS
information		following sections			F-E, S-E
		of the			
		Transportation of			
		Dangerous Goods	3		
		Regulations: 2.			
		18-2.19 (Class 3).			
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		
Special precauti	ons for user :	Multi-modal shipping desc consider container sizes. mode of transport (sea, a suitably for that mode of t	The presence of a sh ir, etc.), does not indi	hipping descriptic	on for a particular oduct is packaged
Special precauti	ons for user :	consider container sizes.	The presence of a sh ir, etc.), does not indi ransport. All packagin npliance with the app n offering the produc ds must be trained o	hipping descriptic icate that the pro ng must be revie blicable regulation of for transport. P n all of the risks of	on for a particular oduct is packaged ewed for suitability ns is the sole People loading and deriving from the
Special precauti Transport in bulk to Annex II of MA the IBC Code	caccording : I	consider container sizes. mode of transport (sea, a suitably for that mode of t prior to shipment, and con responsibility of the perso unloading dangerous goo	The presence of a sh ir, etc.), does not indi ransport. All packagin npliance with the app n offering the produc ds must be trained o	hipping descriptic icate that the pro ng must be revie blicable regulation of for transport. P n all of the risks of	on for a particular oduct is packaged ewed for suitability ns is the sole People loading and deriving from the
Transport in bulk to Annex II of MA	according : I	consider container sizes. mode of transport (sea, a suitably for that mode of t prior to shipment, and cor responsibility of the perso unloading dangerous goo substances and on all act	The presence of a sh ir, etc.), does not indi ransport. All packagin npliance with the app n offering the produc ds must be trained o	hipping descriptic icate that the pro ng must be revie blicable regulation of for transport. P n all of the risks of	on for a particular oduct is packaged ewed for suitability ns is the sole People loading and deriving from the
Transport in bulk to Annex II of MA	c according : I RPOL and	consider container sizes. mode of transport (sea, a suitably for that mode of t prior to shipment, and cor responsibility of the perso unloading dangerous goo substances and on all act	The presence of a sh ir, etc.), does not indi ransport. All packagin npliance with the app n offering the produc ds must be trained o ions in case of emerg	hipping descriptic icate that the pro ng must be revie blicable regulation of for transport. P n all of the risks of	on for a particular oduct is packaged ewed for suitability ns is the sole People loading and deriving from the

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

Not applicable.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification

Justification

Section 16. Other information

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2		On basis of test data	
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2		Calculation method	
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A		Calculation method	
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A		Calculation method	
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2		Calculation method	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE		Calculation method	
EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3			
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE		Calculation method	
EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3			
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED		Calculation method	
EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		Calculation method	
ASFIRATION HAZARD - Cal	legory i	Calculation method	
<u>History</u>			
Date of printing	: 8/10/2016		
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Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estim	stimate	
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor			
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association		
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container		
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods		
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient		
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973		
	5	as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)	
	UN = United Nations		

Notice to reader

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